

# OFFICIAL.

## Acts and Joint Resolutions Passed by the Legislature—Session 1870 and 1871.

### AN ACT TO REPEAL AND AMEND THE CHARTER OF THE TOWN OF SPARTANBURG.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives, of the State of South Carolina, now met and sitting in General Assembly, and by the authority of the same, That from and after the passage of this Act, all citizens of this State, having resided twelve months within the State, and sixty days in the town of Spartanburg, shall be deemed and are hereby declared to be a body politic and corporate; and the said town shall be called and known by the name of Spartanburg, and its corporate limits shall extend one mile in each direction from the Court House in said town.

Sec. 2. That the said town shall be governed by an Intendant and six Wardens, who shall be citizens of the United States, and who shall have resided in this State twelve months, and shall have been residents of the said town sixty days immediately preceding their election, and who shall be elected on the second Monday in September of each year, ten days' public notice thereof being previously given; and that all male inhabitants of the age of twenty-one years, citizens of the State, and who shall have resided within the State twelve months, and in the said town sixty days, immediately preceding the election, shall be entitled to vote for said Intendant and Wardens. Paupers and persons under disabilities for crime excepted.

Sec. 3. That the said election shall be held at some convenient public place in said town, from eight o'clock in the morning until four o'clock in the afternoon; and when the polls shall be closed, the Managers shall forthwith count the votes and declare the election, and give notice thereof, in writing, to the Intendant then being, who shall, within two days thereafter, give notice, or cause the same to be given, to the persons duly elected. The Intendant and Wardens, before entering upon the duties of their office, shall respectively take the oath prescribed by the Constitution of this State, and, also, the following oath, to wit: "As Intendant (or Warden) of the town of Spartanburg, I will equally and impartially to the best of my ability, exercise the trust reposed in me, and will use my best endeavors to preserve the peace and carry into effect the laws of this State. So help me God." And if any person, upon being elected Intendant or Warden, shall refuse to take such oath, he shall forfeit and pay to the Council the sum of twenty dollars for the use of the said town: *Provided*, That no person who has attained the age of sixty years shall be compelled to serve either as Intendant or Warden more than one year in any term of three years. The Intendant and Wardens for the time being shall always appoint one or more Boards of Managers, three Managers for each Board, to conduct the election, who, before they open the polls, shall take an oath fairly and impartially to conduct the same.

Sec. 4. That in case a vacancy shall occur in the office of Intendant or any of the Wardens, by death, resignation, removal or otherwise, an election shall be held to fill such vacancy, by order of the Intendant and Wardens, or a majority of the same ten days' public notice being previously given; and in case of sickness or temporary absence of the Intendant, the Wardens forming the Council shall be empowered to elect one of their number to act as Intendant during the time.

Sec. 5. That the Intendant and Wardens, duly elected and qualified, shall during their term of service, severally and respectively be vested with all the powers of Trial Justices, or Justices of the Peace, as the case may be, in this State, within the limits of the said town, except for the trial of civil cases, and the Intendant shall or may, as often as is necessary, summon the Wardens to meet in Council, any three of whom with the Intendant, or any four of the Wardens, may constitute a quorum to transact business, and they shall be known as the Town Council of Spartanburg. And they and their successors in office, hereafter to be elected, may have a common seal, which shall be affixed to all their Ordinances; may sue and be sued, plead and be impleaded in any Court of Justice in this State, and purchase, hold, possess and enjoy to and for their successors, in perpetuity, or for any term of years, any estate, real, personal or mixed, and sell, alien or convey the same: *Provided*, The same shall not exceed at any one time, the sum of ten thousand dollars. And the said Town Council shall have authority to appoint from time to time, as they may see fit, such and so many proper persons to act as Marshals or Constables of said town, as the said Council may deem necessary and expedient for the preservation of the peace, good order and police thereof, which persons, so appointed, shall, within the corporate limits of said town, have the power and privileges, and be subject to all the obligations, penalties and regulations provided by law, for the office of Constable, and shall be liable to be removed at the pleasure of said Council. And the said Town Council shall have power to establish or authorize the establishment of a market house in said town, also to establish or authorize the establishment of a guard house and to prescribe suitable rules and regulations for keeping and governing the same, and until the said guard house be established, they shall be authorized to use a room in the common jail of the County of Spartanburg, for the confinement of all who may be subject to be committed for a violation of any ordinances, rules and regulations of said town, and the said Town Council, or the said Intendant and Wardens, in person, any one or more of them, may authorize and require any Marshal of the town, or any Constable specially appointed for that purpose, to arrest and commit to the said guard house or jail of Spartanburg County, as the case may be, for a term not exceeding twenty-four hours, any person or persons who within the corporate limits of said town, may be engaged in a breach of the peace, any riotous or disorderly conduct, open obscenity, public drunkenness, or any conduct grossly indecent or dangerous to the citizens of said town, or any of them. And it shall be the duty of the town

Marshal or Constable to arrest and commit all such offenders when required to do so, and who shall have power to call to his assistance the posse comitatus, if need be, to aid in making such arrests, and upon the failure of said officers to perform such duty, as required, they shall severally be subject to such fines and penalties as the Town Council may impose upon them. And all persons so imprisoned shall pay the costs and expenses incident to their imprisonment, which said costs and expenses shall be collected in the same manner as is provided for the collection of fines imposed for the violation of Ordinances, rules and regulations: *Provided*, That such imprisonment shall not exempt the party from the payment of any fine the Council may impose for the offense for which he, she or they may have been committed. And the said Town Council shall have full power and authority under their corporate seal, to make all such rules and regulations, by-laws and ordinances respecting the streets, roads and the business thereof, as well as the police system of the said town as shall appear to them necessary and proper for the security, welfare and convenience, and for preserving health, order and good government within said town. And the said Town Council may impose fines for offenses against their by-laws, rules and regulations, and ordinances, and appropriate the same to the public use of said town. And the said Town Council shall have the same power that Trial Justices or Justices of the Peace now have, or may hereafter have, to compel the attendance of witnesses, and requiring them to give evidence upon the trial before them of any person or persons, for a violation of any of their ordinances, by-laws, rules or regulations, but no fine above the sum of twenty-five dollars shall be collected by the said Council, except by suit in the proper Courts of Justice in this State, and that no fine shall exceed the amount of fifty dollars; and also, that nothing herein contained shall authorize the said Council to make any ordinance or by-law inconsistent with or repugnant to the laws of the State.

Sec. 6. That the said Intendant and Wardens, or a majority of them, shall have full power to abate and remove all nuisances in said town, and it shall be their duty to keep all roads, ways, bridges and streets within the corporate limits of the said town open, and in good repair; and, for that purpose, they are invested with all the powers of County Commissioners or Commissioners of Roads, for and within the corporate limits of the said town, and they may lay out new streets, close up, widen, or otherwise alter those now in use; and shall have full power to classify and arrange the inhabitants or citizens of said town, liable to street, road, or other public duty under such penalties as are now in force hereafter, be prescribed by law. And they shall have power to compound with all persons liable to work the streets, ways and roads in said town, upon such terms as their ordinances or by-laws may establish, or their rules and regulations require, the moneys so received to be applied to the public use of the said town. And all persons refusing to labor, or failing to pay such commutation, shall be liable to such fine, not exceeding twenty dollars for any one year, as the said Town Council may impose, and they shall have power to enforce the payment of such fine, in the same manner as is now, or may be hereafter provided for the collection of County taxes. And the said Town Council shall have power, with the consent of the adjacent land owners, to close all such roads, streets and ways, within the said town, as they may deem necessary, by the sale of the freehold thereof, either at private or public sale, as they may adjudge best for the interest of the said town, and they shall keep in repair all such new streets, roads and ways, as they may, from time to time, deem necessary for the improvement and convenience of said town: *Provided*, That no street, road or way shall be opened, without first having obtained the consent of the land owner, or owners thereof, through whose premises such new street, road or way may pass.

Sec. 7. The said Town Council shall have power and authority to require all persons owning a lot or lots in said town to close in, and to make and keep in good repair sidewalks in front of said lot or lots, whenever the same shall front or adjoin any public street of said town, if, in the judgment of the Council, such sidewalk shall be necessary; the width thereof, and the manner of construction, to be designated and regulated by the said Town Council; and for the default or refusal, after reasonable notice, to make and keep in good repair such sidewalks, and to close in such lot or lots, the Town Council may cause the same to be made or put in repair, and require the owner to pay the price of making or repairing; and the said Town Council are hereby empowered to sue for and recover the same, by action of debt, in any Court of competent jurisdiction: *Provided*, That such contract for making and repairing is let to the lowest bidder. The cemeteries and public graveyards are also placed under the jurisdiction of the said Town Council.

Sec. 8. The Intendant and Wardens of the said town, or a majority of them, shall have full power to grant or refuse licenses to keep taverns, or retail spirituous liquors within the corporate limits of the said town, upon such conditions and under such circumstances as to them shall seem proper and right. *Provided*, That in no instance shall the price of a license to keep a tavern or to retail spirituous liquors be less than the amount established by the State, and all moneys paid for licenses and for fines and forfeitures shall be appropriated for the public use of the said town: *Provided*, That the Intendant and Wardens duly elected shall not have power to grant any license to keep tavern or retail spirituous liquors to extend beyond the term for which they have been elected. They shall have power to regulate sales at auction within the corporate limits of the town, and to grant licenses to auctioneers, itinerant traders, to keepers of hotels, lively stalls, billiard tables, ten-pin alleys, or other kinds of games of hazard, skill, or chance, on all drays, carts, wagons, carriages, omnibuses, buggies, horses, mares, or mules kept for hire or used for public purposes in said town. And they have the full and only power to impose a tax on all shows or exhibitions for gain or reward within the corporate limits of said town. They shall have power to impose a tax not exceeding twenty cents on every hundred dollars of the value of all real and personal property lying within the corporate limits of the town, the real and personal property of churches and school and college associations excepted. That an ordinance declaring the rate of annual taxation upon property and other subjects of annual taxation for the year, shall be published at least three weeks during the month of January in each year, except the first publication, which shall be immediately after this amendment of the charter is accepted and adopted by the General Assembly of this State: *Provided*, That if in the judgment of the said Town Council any property, real or personal, shall be returned below its actual and true value, then, in such case, reference shall be made to

the books of the County Treasurer, and the assessment of such property made by the County Assessors shall be taken as the value of the same, and that all persons liable to taxation under the same, shall make oath of the taxable property within said town, and make payment of their taxes to the Clerk and Treasurer of the said corporation, or such other person as they may be ordered or required to do, during the succeeding month after publication, and upon failure to make such return and payment as required, the parties so in default shall be subject to the penalties provided by law for failure to pay the general, State, and County tax, to be enforced by the orders of the Intendant and Wardens, or a majority of them, for the use of the said town, except that in such cases that cannot be enforced the payment of such taxes shall be enforced under the seal of the corporation, and may be directed to the Town Marshal, or other person appointed by the said Town Council, to levy, collect and receive the same, with costs as in such cases made and provided by law. And all property upon which such tax shall be levied and assessed, is hereby declared and made liable for the payment thereof in preference to all other debts, except debts due to the State, which shall be first paid. And that all other taxes imposed by the Intendant and Wardens, or a majority of them, shall be payable in advance by the parties liable for the same, and on failure of payment, their property shall be liable for the same, as in manner and form just before stated.

Sec. 9. The Intendant and Wardens elect, together with Clerk and Treasurer, shall, during their term of office, be exempt from street and police duty. Each Town Council shall, within one month after the expiration of their term of office, make out and return to their successors in office a full account of their receipts and expenditures during their term, which account shall be published in one or more papers of the town or county, and shall pay over all moneys in their possession belonging to the corporation, and deliver up all books, records and other papers incident to their office to their successors; and on failure to do so, they shall be liable to be fined in a sum not exceeding five hundred dollars, to be collected by any proper action of the Town Council.

Sec. 10. That all ordinances heretofore passed by the Town Council of Spartanburg, in conformity with the authority granted by existing laws, shall be, and they are hereby, declared legal and valid.

Sec. 11. All Acts and parts of Acts heretofore passed in relation to the incorporation of the town of Spartanburg, and the same are hereby, repealed.

Sec. 12. This Act shall be deemed a public Act, and continue in force for the term of twenty years, and until the end of the session Approved February 11, 1871.

THE ENTERPRISE.

GREENVILLE, S. C.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 1, 1871.

Acts and Resolutions of the Legislature.

With last week we commenced the publication of the Acts and Resolutions of the Legislature of this State, and will continue until all of them are published. Each copy of the paper containing them should be carefully filed for future reference. Our readers will see that we do every thing in our power to keep them thoroughly posted in what affects them so directly.

Right of Dower Assailed.

A bill to abolish the right of dower, passed to a third reading in the House. This is another ungalant blow at the interest of the more defenceless part of our population. The right of dower, a secured interest in the husband's real estate, is a matter of immense importance to the women of the land. It is time-honored—productive of no serious harm to husband—and is often the only means of support that a woman can expect to enjoy in the estate of her husband when left a widow. The policy is a bad one. It is calculated to bring increased anxiety to many a true wife, whose husband, from the misfortune of debt, speculation, or carelessness, or it may be from reckless dissipation, or from any cause of losing his property. The bill is calculated to make paupers of many helpless women and children who may lose the head of the family. But the Legislature of the State is this, as in other things, seems to be managed for the exclusive benefit of speculators and money dealers. We have no idea that the Legislature, under its present influences of the money power, would have passed a homestead act or have abolished imprisonment for debt, (and this Mr. Conner has, in a manner restored in fact) or done any thing not in the interest of speculators.

We may expect the city dailies to advocate this bill, as it can only lay open more effectually to the prey of money speculators and traders, all the real estate of South Carolina. They can credit, or take mortgages, or purchase, at low rates, lands from all men who are hard run, or sue and sell out houses, and lots, and lands, and securely feed the women and children. One of the great hindrances to marriage and the rearing of families, is, with many, the fear of poverty and helplessness for the wife and her little ones, should she survive her husband. Take away the right of dower, and you add greatly to that discouraging consideration, and that among not the most inferior classes of the population. Because the law protects the wife's property, is no reason for abolishing the right of dower. The wife's lands always reverted to her on the death of the husband; and yet, both in England and in this country, that fact never was dreamed of as depriving her of dower. The bill in addition to its being a thing of wretched policy, is, in one view, an insult to every poor woman in the State. How few women have a good property of their own. The great majority are poor, and but a comparative few possessed of a competency.

We hope the vote in the House on the bill was recorded, so that hereafter, when the women get the privilege of voting, those who are trying to take away their right of dower, may be duly punished and put out of the places of authority which they so ungalantly abuse. Their votes prove them to be shabby statesmen—undervaluing the regard of woman kind. The sooner they reconsider and repent, the better. But can they hope that Governor Scott will approve the measure? He had better not want the women to vote hereafter, if he risks approval.

Carolinas Fertilizer.

The supplements we issue this week, will be read, of course; this is the fertilizer of that old and well known firm in Charleston, of GEORGE W. WILLIAMS & CO. In offering the "Carolinas" to the public, these gentlemen present as great inducements as can be had, and its quality is well established for superiority.

Sale of Real Estate.

Mr. H. I. McBRAYER, of the firm of MILLER, McBRAYER & McBRAYER, has purchased from Mr. H. A. OGDEN, the Cottage and lot situated near the corner of Augusta and University Streets, and nearly fronting the latter. The price paid is \$1,250 cash.

# Good School and School House.

A school has been established near Lee, in Greene Township, Greenville County, Mr. W. T. STUCKLEY, teacher, called the Lee Work Seminary. It has forty pupils, is under good and successful management, and is a school for white children.

The citizens of the neighborhood have united and contributed labor and means sufficient to construct a commodious and comfortable school house, besides buying the land upon which to locate it. The building is thirty-two by twenty feet in dimensions, has been coiled and painted, and ample light is afforded through eight glass windows; the comfort of the children in winter time, is provided for by a stove. The branches taught are principally academical. There are seven trustees who will look after the interests of the school; viz.: W. H. LENDERMAN, JOHN S. ARMOUR, W. A. PEPPER, W. J. WEST, P. D. HUFF, JAMES A. MOON, and H. W. HARRIS. This enterprise has been done entirely through private means, and reflects credit upon the community in which it is located, as it will compare favorably with buildings in the county of like character, and will redound to their intellectual, moral and substantial advancement and progress. We commend the example to every neighborhood in the County, as there is no fact that we chronicle with greater satisfaction than the permanent establishment of schools, free ones especially.

There is also in this same Township, situated within one mile of Reedy Fork Seminary, another school, which is taught by our friend BENNY LEAGUE, Esq., which has thirty pupils, likewise under superior control; this, however, is a private one.

The public will learn from the above facts that the citizens of Greene Township are not standing still as regards the education of their children, and we only trust that the other parts of the County are keeping in pace therewith.

# City Council and Location of the Air-Line Railroad Depot.

At an Extra Meeting of the City Council of Greenville, held on the 24th ult., the following Resolution was adopted by Council.

Resolved, That the City Council deem the location of the Air-Line Railroad Depot in the extreme limits of the City, prejudicial to the interests of property holders; and that a committee of two be appointed to confer with the authorities of the Railroad Company, respectfully presenting the views of the City Council, and requesting the location of the Depot "Along the Mills of the Court House."

We think the Council have acted wisely in this important matter, and feel assured that their views are the same entertained by our principal property owners and others most interested in the welfare and progress of the place.

# The Legislature.

A bill has passed the House of Representatives for the State to endorse two millions dollars of bonds for the Greenville and Columbia Railroad, 66 years to 33 years. The bill is denounced as a corrupt measure most severely by the entire daily press of Charleston and is opposed by the *Daily Union* of Columbia. It was to come up in the Senate yesterday. It is confidently predicted by its opposers that it will be defeated in that body. A bill has passed repealing the act giving State aid to the Blue Ridge Railroad. This is, it is said, ends the prospects of the Road. There were several measures of importance in the Legislature to be acted on before adjournment, but unless the session was prolonged on yesterday, they will have to fall for this time, if not forever.

# Rev. John A. Broadus, D. D.

Private letters have been received from Dr. Broadus from Rome. His health is greatly improved. He expected to visit Palestine before returning. Dr. B. alludes to the new order of things since the Pope has been deprived of his civil power over the "Eternal City." Protestant churches can now be built there, for the first time since the Papal power deprived the people of religious liberty. Dr. B. witnessed the organization of a Baptist church in the city, and the baptism of several converts.

# Congressional Favors.

We are again under obligation to Hon. A. S. WALLACE, member of Congress from this Congressional District, for favors. He has sent us a substantially bound volume of the Report of the Commissioner of Agriculture for 1869; a pamphlet containing the eulogies pronounced in the House or Representatives upon the death of Hon. JOHN COVODE, of Pennsylvania, and also the Annual Report of the Chief of the Bureau of Statistics on the Commerce and Navigation of the United States for the year ending June 30, 1870. He will please accept our thanks.

# Reidville Female College.

This institution, we learn, has opened with the most flattering prospects under the newly elected President, Rev. THOS. WARD WHITE, recently of Arkansas, but formerly from Richmond, Va. Mr. WHITE is the son-in-law of the late RICHARD K. CHALKLEY, well and widely known throughout our State, as the literary executor of Mr. CALDWELL.

# Meetings in the Baptist Church.

The meetings are still continued in the Baptist Church, at this place, with encouraging results. Many persons of both sexes have manifested the deepest interest in the things that make for their eternal peace. It is to be hoped that the good work will go on till all hearts in this community become duly impressed with the truth as it is in Jesus.

# The Weather.

The weather has been very pleasant, until Monday last, when it became decidedly changeable, there being snow, rain, wind, and sunshine, in small quantities, during the day. We learn that several miles above and the same distance below, the sprinkle of snow was pretty considerable; but did not last long. The clouds are now murky, and any of these may visit us.

# French Oil Polish.

We have received from Drs. HARRISON & MARSHALL, through the hands of Mr. W. L. MACLEOD, a bottle of French Oil Polish. It is prepared for carriages, buggies, harness, boots, shoes, and all kinds of leather. Having tried it on both boots and shoes, we can give our testimony in its behalf. A great feature with it, is that the common brush-rubbing to obtain a polish, is done away with—this you get by simply putting the oil on with a bit of sponge.

# Trial Justices for Greenville County.

The following persons have been appointed Trial Justices for Greenville County: James P. Moore, Charles T. Hopkins, Jr., M. K. Stone, Hewitt Sullivan, Solomon Jones, W. D. Robertson, Francis Davenport, J. W. Carman.

# Outlawry.

We learn that on Monday, 20th ult., whilst Mr. JACOB BALDWIN was at work in his field, which is near Glassy Mountain, in the upper part of Greenville County, three men known to the neighborhood as notoriously bad characters, rode up near to where he was, and commenced firing guns at him. Mr. BALDWIN, being unarmed and not expecting such an attack, took to flight, in order to save his life. The assailants fired at him some twelve or fifteen times, but fortunately none of the shots reached their aim. The cause of this murderous attack is supposed to be in consequence of a piece of property having been taken out by Mr. B. against them. They are said to be bad men, and were at the time under the influence of spirits. We have their names but withhold them.

After the above transaction, the same persons proceeded to the house of Mr. ANDREW WOOLLEN, in the same settlement, reaching there about 11 o'clock at night, attacking him whilst in bed with his family, bursting his door down. Mr. WOOLLEN likewise had to take recourse in flight, which was in his night clothing; in this condition he was kept out until near day light. One or more shots were discharged at him, but with no effect. Mr. W. having been one of a party endeavoring to suppress the cause of their action. Such acts should and do meet with the condemnation of all good citizens, and we hope the residents of Glassy Mountain Township will do every thing in their power to bring to proper punishment men of whatever race or political opinion who take the law in their own hands.

# Peace Between France and Prussia.

The following official announcement by the Emperor WILLIAM, was telegraphed to Berlin on the 27th of February:

"BERLIN, February 27. 'The Emperor to Augusta: With deeply moved heart, in gratitude to God, I inform you that the preliminaries of peace have been signed. The Bourseaux Assembly must yet ratify them. WILLIAM.'"

# Paris, February 27.

France owes Almon and Metz, and pays five milliards francs within three years. (This is about equal to \$1,000,000,000.) The Germans hold the fortresses until paid. The armistice has been prolonged a week. The Emperor WILLIAM will return to Berlin next Saturday, 4th March.

# The President of the Board of Trustees of the Reidville High School.

Dr. Wm. S. WHITE, of Lexington, Virginia, educated at Hampden Sydney College, and Union Theological Seminary, spending some time under the Rev. T. V. MOORE, D. D., now of Nashville, Tennessee.

# Election of Judge of the Seventh Circuit.

On Tuesday 21st, the joint assembly of both houses of the Legislature voted for Judge of the Seventh Circuit, electing Hon. MONTGOMERY MORRIS, of Sumter, giving him 88 votes, Gen. SAMUEL MCGOWAN 77, the balance scattering. The name of Capt. W. E. EARLE, of Greenville, was withdrawn before the vote was taken.

Mr. MORRIS is a brother of the Chief Justice, and acted with the Democratic party in 1868, since which time he has been with the Conservatives. He is an elderly man, practicing his profession twenty years or more.

# Beattie's Store.

The firm of Messrs. H. BEATTIE & CO., having dissolved, these gentlemen have been engaged during the past week taking stock. The senior partner, Mr. HAMILTON BEATTIE, will withdraw from the concern, and Mr. WILLIAM BEATTIE will likely be the chief manager in the future. Next week an advertisement will be published giving full particulars.

# Burial of Mr. Robert Kame.

On Saturday evening last, the remains of Mr. ROBERT KAME reached Greenville from Charleston, and were interred in the Episcopal grave yard, beside those of his wife. During the war he spent one or two years here as a refugee; just before the close of hostilities, Mrs. KAME departed this life and was buried in this place, and he desired to rest by her side.

# Godey's Ladies' Book for March.

It is prompt, it having already arrived. We have never yet seen a lady who was not an admirer of Godey, and those of the fair sex who have taken it for a year, never forget the pleasure derived from examining its illustrations and following its pages. We will forward subscriptions.

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# Etiwan Guano—Prices Reduced.

By reference to the advertisement of the Etiwan Guano, it will be observed that the prices have been reduced to \$55 and \$60 per ton.

# Read the circular of A. C. KAPPAH, on our fourth page.

# STATE MATTERS.

There is not a single prisoner in the Anderson jail.

Mr. TROTT has been confirmed by the U. S. Senate as postmaster of Charleston.

A wild cat was killed near Bennettsville, the other day.

Wylie L. Harris, Esq., an aged citizen of Yorkville, died on the 15th.

Mr. OSWELL RICHARDSON, one of the oldest citizens of Laurens County, died on the 20th ult.

A Congressional committee has recommended an appropriation of \$20,000 for the improvement of Charleston harbor.

A man named CONNER was killed in Spartanburg, on the 21st ult., by a Mr. CONNELL. Both were drinking.

A little girl in Fairfield named ANNA GORDON, in the employ of J. C. MACKORELL, received a severe whipping from the latter, from the effects of which she died. Mackorell is in jail.

Mrs. NANCY JONES, a well known resident of the Pine House section, Edgefield County, aged about eighty years, departed this life on 21st ult.

Several Newberry families who had removed to the West, have returned, who report that others who have gone West, desire to return.

Clarkson Pressell, a youth from Randolph County, N. C., was committed to the jail of Marlborough County, on the 15th ult., for horse stealing.

Col. E. B. CASH of Chesterfield County, shot and killed, on the night of the 17th, a man who in company with others, was trying to break into his house.

The Columbia Phoenix says a railroad bill has been introduced in the Legislature which does away with the Blue Ridge Railroad altogether—making the connection West via Asheville, N. C.

An election for Intendant and Wardens of the town of Frog Level, on the 17th ult., resulted as follows: David Kibler, Intendant, and Messrs. L. B. Moffatt, Dr. Wm. McFall, L. C. Kibler and P. E. Wise, Wardens.

SENATOR MILLER, of Georgia, has been elected to the U. S. Senate, taking the modified oath.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Feb. 28.

Sales of Cotton yesterday 83 bales—middling 13½.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 27. Cotton dull and easier—uplands 7½@7½; Orleans 7½@7½; sales 10,000 bales.

NEW YORK, Feb. 27. Cotton somewhat easier—sales of 8,500 bales at 14½. Gold 110½.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 27. Cotton unchanged—middling 13½; receipts 295 bales; sales 495; stock 13,555.

CHARLESTON, Feb. 27. Cotton steady—middling 14½@14½; receipts 1,123 bales; sales 600; stock 20,850.

If you wish your child relieved of Worms, use Wineman's Worm Candy!

"A LITTLE LITTLE DOG often harbor a great soul." Simple truth is often the cause of the most powerful religious revival. It is SUMNER BUTTERS, a preventive of Chills and Fever, and a cure for Dyspepsia, Debility and Indigestion.

A WARNING—There is no case of Consumption that did not commence with a cough. Therefore the slightest Cough or Cough should receive immediate attention. Take at once the great remedy of the age, DR. TUTT'S EXPECTORANT, and thereby save years of suffering; perhaps life itself.

If persons who are invalids from the effects of Syphilis, would only reflect that its cure can only be effected by the persistent use of one remedy—ninety-nine cases out of one hundred would be benefited. To effect a cure, use the "Old Carolina Bitters," a remedy of Southern origin, composed of Southern herbs of rare efficacy. Test it; it cannot fail.

HAIR VIGOR—In common with many others we have felt a lively interest in the investigations which Dr. AYER has been making to discover the causes of failure of the hair, and to provide a remedy. His researches are said to have been much more thorough and exhaustive than any ever made before. The result is now before us under the name of AYER'S Hair Vigor. We have given it a trial, and with full satisfaction. It equals our most favorable anticipations. Our gray hairs have disappeared, or resumed their original color; and a visible crop of soft, silken hair has started on a part of the scalp which was once bald. —Daily Voice, Boston Feb. 25.

# TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT.

THE HOUSE WE LIVE IN. The mind is the tenant of the body, and unless the tenant is kept in good repair, the immortal occupant is depressed, dispirited, miserable, and sees things "as through a glass, darkly," not as they really are. When the stomach is relaxed, the liver torpid, the bowels disordered, and the nerves unstrung, invigorator, vitalizer, regulate and tone the system with TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT. Its operation is certain, painless and salutary. It brings the action of these important organs into conformity with the laws of health; the spirit rises, the brain clears and the capacity to enjoy life is restored to depending invalids. Sold by all Druggists.

# Atlantic Phosphate.

NO EXPENSE HAS BEEN SPARED BY THIS COMPANY to make a PHOSPHATE